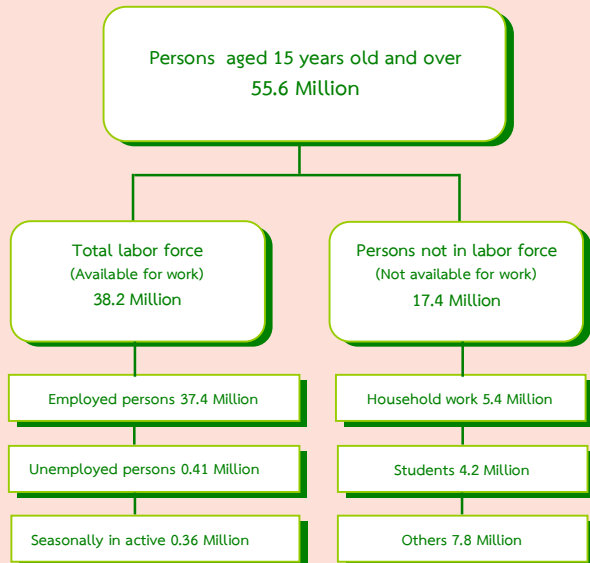


# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

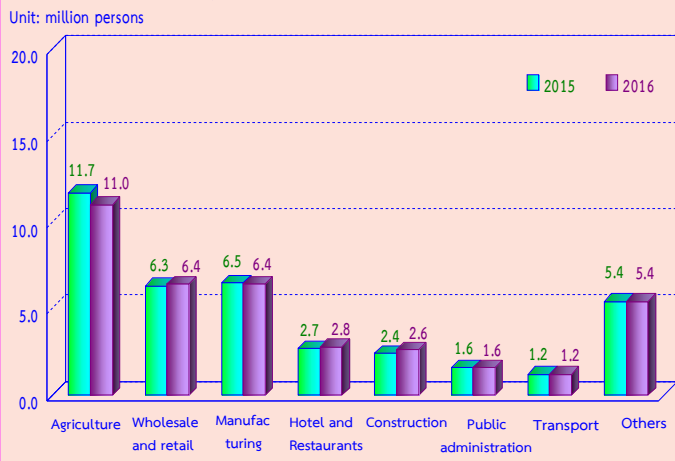
## LABOR FORCE SURVEY IN THE 2<sup>th</sup> QUARTER OF 2016

NUMBER OF POPULATION BY LABOR FORCE  
THE LABOR FORCE SURVEY , QUARTER 2 : 2016



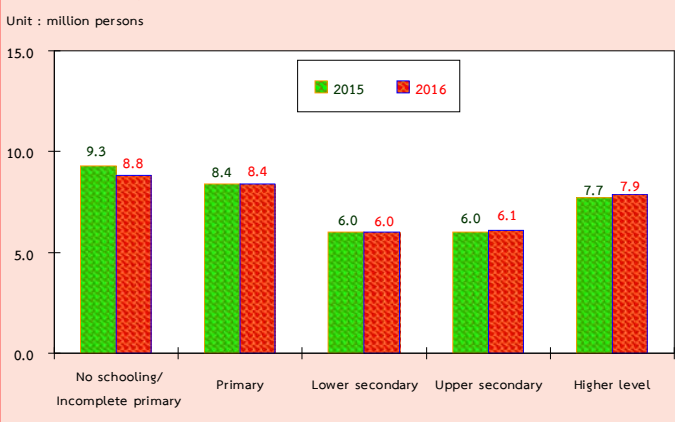
Some major findings from the 2<sup>th</sup> Quarter of the 2016 Labor Force Survey showed that there were 55.6 million people, aged 15 years and over, of these, 38.2 million were in the labor force (37.4 million were employed, 0.41 million were unemployed and 0.36 million were seasonally inactive labor force) and 17.4 million were not in the labor force (5.4 million were household work, 4.2 million were students and 7.8 million were others).

FIGURE A COMPARISON OF THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS  
OF QUARTER 2 IN 2015 AND 2016 BY INDUSTRY



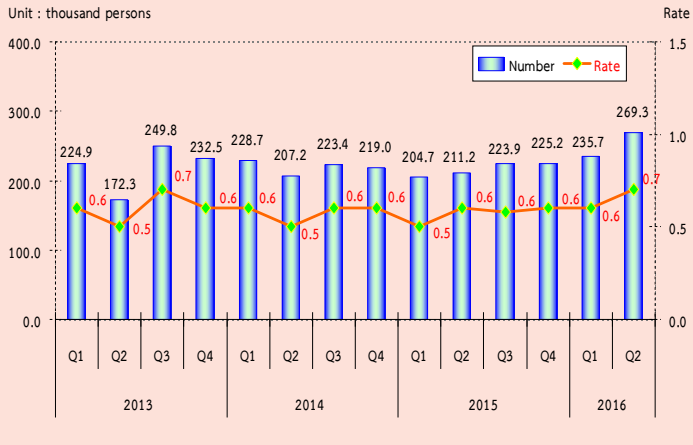
Comparing to the same period of 2015, the number of persons employed decreased by 0.4 million (from 37.8 million to 37.4 million). It was found that the number of employed persons in non – agriculture sector increased by 0.3 million (from 26.1 million to 26.4 million). This increment was found in various industry, such as Construction increase by 0.2 million, Wholesale and retail and Hotel and Restaurants increased by 0.1 million. Those in agriculture sector decreased by 0.7 million (from 11.7 million to 11.0 million).

FIGURE B COMPARISON OF THE NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS  
OF QUARTER 2 IN 2015 AND 2016 BY LEVEL OF EDUCATION



Comparing level of educational attainment of the employed persons to the same period of 2015, it was found that the number of employed persons with higher level increased by 0.2 million, upper secondary level increased by 0.1 million. However, no schooling and with incomplete primary decreased by 0.5 million. Primary level and lower secondary level did not change.

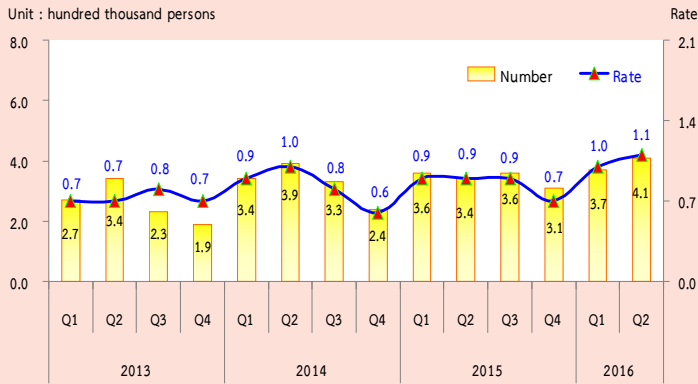
**FIGURE C THE NUMBER AND RATE OF UNDEREMPLOYMENT WORKER BY QUARTERLY IN 2013 - 2016**



Remark : Underemployment rate =  $\frac{\text{Employed persons 1-34 hours/week and available for additional work}}{\text{Total employed persons}} \times 100$

If the operation is not fully considered or function below the level of the working hours (defined as working less than 35 hours per week and available for additional work) in the second quarter 2016, showed that the number of people who work less than half a million of 2.7 held that those who work in this group, even if it is working, but it is not working at full capacity. Because they also have more time to work on their own. If the rate was lower when compared with the total number of 0.7%.

**FIGURE D THE NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATE IN 2013 - 2016**

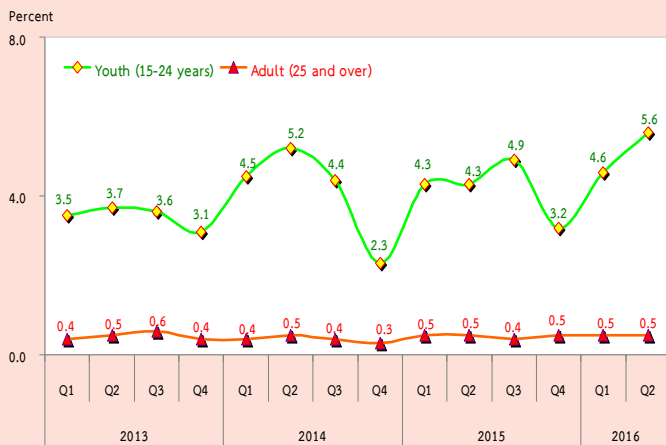


Remark : Unemployment rate =  $\frac{\text{Unemployed persons} \times 100}{\text{Total labor force}}$

However, when compared with the reaction time of the year 2015, the number of underemployment worker increased by 58 thousand (from 0.6% to 0.7%).

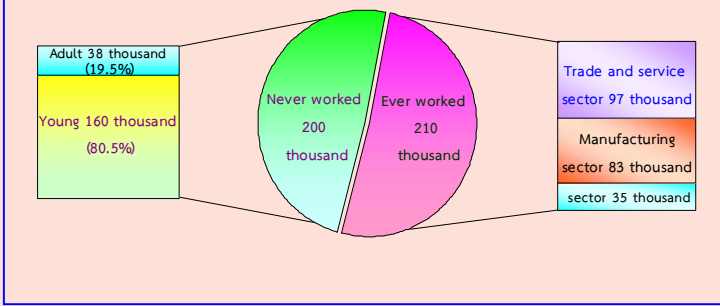
In the 2<sup>th</sup> quarter 2016, there were 0.41 million or 1.1% of unemployed persons. Comparing to the same period of last year, the number of unemployed persons increased by 70 thousand (from 0.34 million to 0.41 million). Considering by age group, it is noticeable that there were 0.22 million or 5.6% found in a teenager group (15-24 years old) and 0.19 million or 0.5% in adult group (25 years and over). Comparing to the same period of 2015, the rate of unemployed persons increased from 4.3% to 5.6% in the teenagers'. The adult group did not change (0.5%).

**FIGURE E UNEMPLOYMENT RATE IN 2013 - 2016 BY AGE GROUP**



Remark : Unemployment rates by age group =  $\frac{\text{Unemployed persons by age group} \times 100}{\text{Total labor force by age group}}$

FIGURE F THE NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED PERSONS BY EXPERIENCE OF WORK QUARTER 2 : 2016



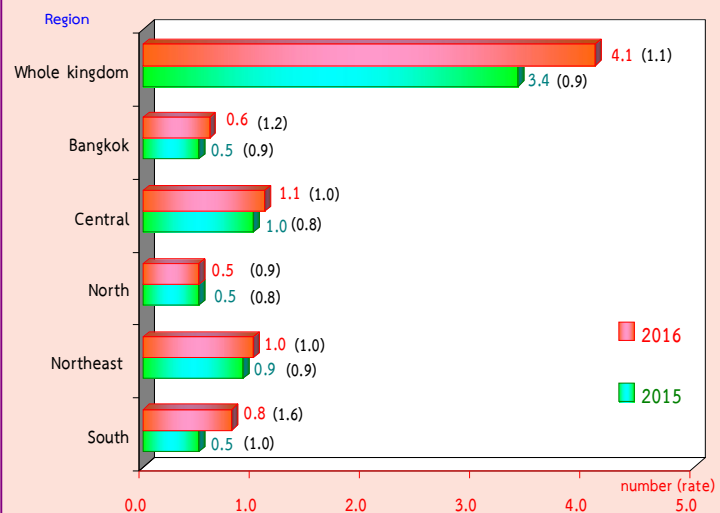
Concerning work experience of unemployed persons, about 200 thousand out of 410 thousand, had no experience in work, with these 160 thousand were from the teenager group, and 38 thousand from the adult group, about 210 thousand of unemployed persons have ever worked. Looking at the distribution of unemployed persons, about 97 thousand, were from the trade and service sector, 83 thousand were from manufacturing and the least of about 35 thousand were from agriculture sector.

FIGURE G COMPARISON NUMBER AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY LEVEL OF EDUCATION, BETWEEN QUARTER 2 OF 2015 AND 2016



Data in the 2<sup>th</sup> Quarter 2016, showed that the higher level of education attainment, the higher number of unemployed, it is clearly seen that 160 thousand with the highest level of educational attainment were unemployed, followed by 90 thousand with lower secondary and upper secondary, and primary 50 thousand, with no schooling/incomplete primary 20 thousand.

FIGURE H COMPARISON NUMBER AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY REGION, BETWEEN QUARTER 2 OF 2015 AND 2016



Comparing the number of unemployment by region with the same period of last year, it showed that the number of unemployed persons in the whole kingdom increased by 70 thousand, the South increased by 30 thousand, Bangkok the Central and the Northeast increased by 10 thousand. The unemployment persons did not change in the North.

In sum, the results of the 2<sup>th</sup> Quarter in the 2016, Labor Force Survey revealed that the over all unemployment rates increased from 0.9% to 1.1% comparing to the same period as in 2015. And while a increase in the South by 0.6 (from 1.0% to 1.6%), Bangkok by 0.3 (from 0.9% to 1.2%) the Central by 0.2 (from 0.8% to 1.0%), the North by 0.1 (from 0.8% to 0.9%) and the Northeast by 0.1 (from 0.9% to 1.0%).